

Na	me Class
	Band 6 - English Writing Vocabulary, Grammar & Punctuation b b+ w w+ s+
	Understand the difference between vocabulary typical of informal speech and vocabulary appropriate for formal speech and writing e.g. find out - discover; ask for - request; go in - enter. I can change the vocabulary to suit the purpose such as using formal and informal language appropriately in my writing.
	Understand how words are related by meaning as synonyms and antonyms e.g. big, large, little. I can understand how words are related by meaning as synonyms and antonyms.
	Use the passive to affect the presentation of information in a sentence e.g. I broke the window in the greenhouse versus The window in the greenhouse was broken (by me). I can use the passive to affect the presentation of information in a sentence.
	Understand the difference between structures typical of informal speech and structures appropriate for formal speech and writing e.g. the use of question tags: He's your friend, isn't he?, or the use of subjunctive forms such as 'If I were' or 'Were they to come' in some very formal writing and speech. I can understand the difference between structures typical of informal speech and structures appropriate for formal speech and writing.
	Link ideas across paragraphs using a wider range of cohesive devices: repetition of a word or phrase, grammatical connections e.g. the use of adverbials such as on the other hand, in contrast, or as a consequence, and ellipsis. <i>I can link ideas across paragraphs using a wide range of cohesive devices such repetition of a word or phrase, grammatical connections and ellipsis.</i>
	Use layout devices e.g. headings, sub-headings, columns, bullets, or tables, to structure text. I can use layout devices such as headings, sub-headings, columns, bullets, or tables, to structure text.
	Use the semi-colon, colon and dash to mark the boundary between independent clauses e.g. It's raining; I'm fed up. I can use the semi-colon, colon and dash to mark the boundary between independent clauses e.g. It's raining; I'm fed up.
	Use the colon to introduce a list and use semi-colons within lists. I can use the colon to introduce a list and use semi-colons within lists.
	Use bullet points to list information. I can use bullet points to list information.
	Understand how hyphens can be used to avoid ambiguity e.g. man eating shark versus man-eating shark, or recover versus re-cover. I can use hyphens for clarity e.g. man eating shark or man-eating shark.
	Understand the following terminology: Subject, object. Active, passive. Synonym, antonym. Ellipsis, hyphen, colon, semi-colon, bullet points.

I can understand the following words: subject, object, active, passive, synonym, antonym, ellipsis, hyphen, colon, semi-colon and bullet points.



Steps